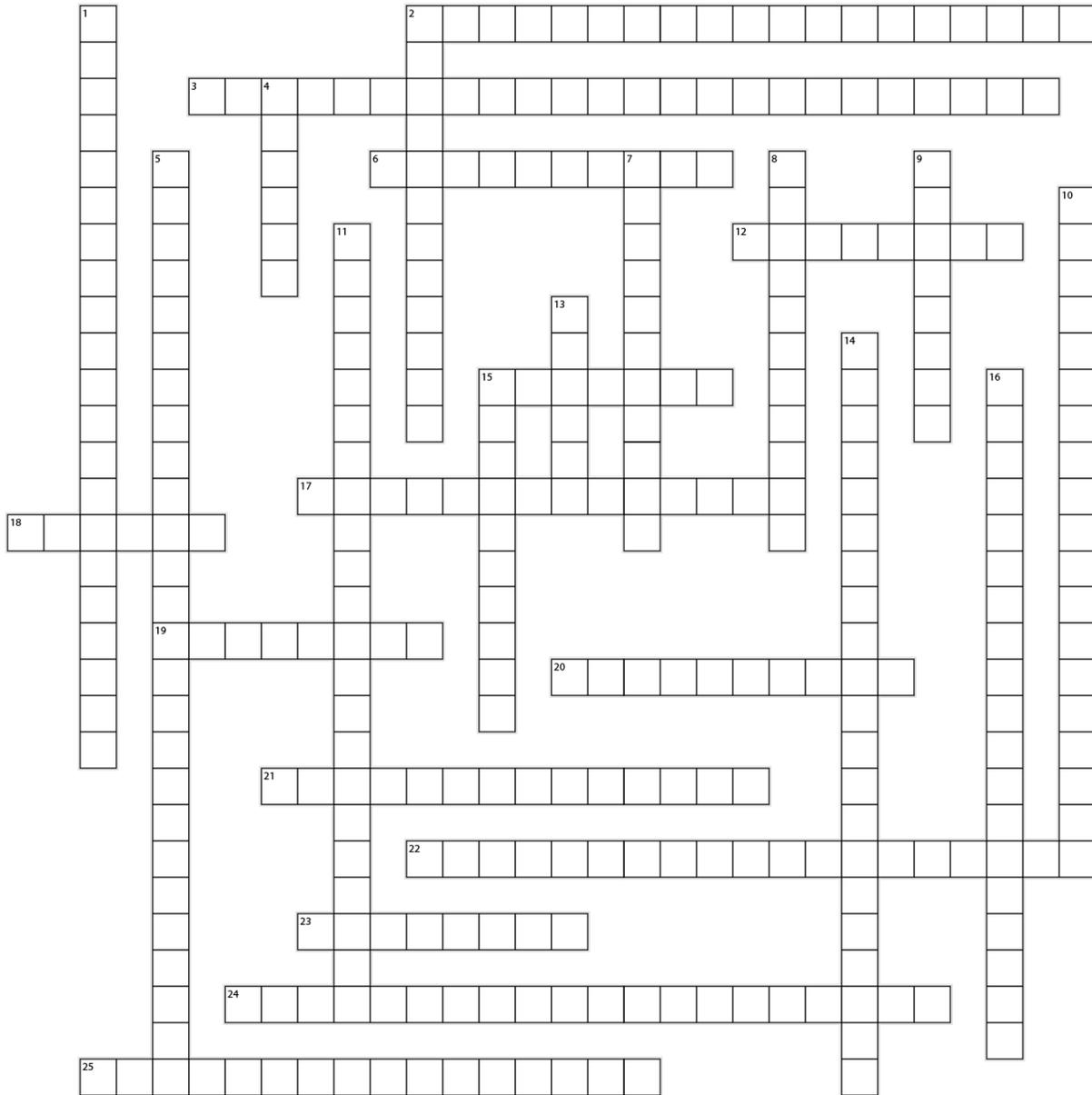


Key Term Crossword



Across

- 2. A sentence that may be adjusted by the judge depending on aggravating or mitigating factors.
- 3. A sentence determined by law that establishes the minimum length of prison time that may be served for an offense.

- 6. A trial that takes place before a judge, but without a jury, in which the judge makes the decision. Sometimes called a court trial.
- 12. The decision of a grand jury that sufficient evidence exists to indict an accused person.
- 15. The discrediting of a witness.
- 17. A request made by the prosecutor or

defense attorney that the court make a decision on a specific issue before the trial begins.

18. The list or pool from which jurors are chosen.

19. A requirement that the entire amount of the bail cost be paid in cash.

20. The use of a bail agent who promises to pay the defendant's bail if he or she fails to appear for further court proceedings.

21. A plea in which a defendant does not accept or deny responsibility for the charges but agrees to accept punishment. From Latin meaning, "I will not contest."

22. A prison term that is determined by law and states a specific period of time to be served.

23. A jury in a criminal case that is deadlocked or that cannot produce a unanimous verdict.

24. A set of rules concerning the sentencing for a specified set of offenses that seek to create uniform sentencing policy by directing the judge to consider certain facts about the offense and the defendant when determining the sentence.

25. A declaration of the charges against an accused person that is presented to a grand jury to determine whether enough evidence exists for an indictment.

Down

1. When a defendant pays no money to be released from jail and promises to appear in court when required.

2. The use of a piece of property instead of cash as collateral for bail.

4. The decision of a grand jury not to indict an accused person because of insufficient evidence. Also called "no true bill."

5. An order from a trial judge to the jury stating that the jury must acquit the accused because the prosecution has not proved its case.

7. A formal, written accusation against a defendant submitted to the court by a prosecutor.

8. Court appearance in which the defendant is formally charged with a crime and asked to respond by pleading guilty, not guilty, or nolo contendere.

9. French for "to see, to speak." This phrase refers to the questioning of jurors by a judge and/or attorneys to determine whether individual jurors are appropriate for a particular jury panel.

10. The right of both the prosecution and the defense attorney to have a juror dismissed before trial without stating a reason.

11. Refers to the highest level of proof required to win a case; necessary in criminal cases to procure a guilty verdict.

13. A written petition to a higher court to review a lower court's decision for the purpose of convincing the higher court that the lower court's decision was incorrect.

14. A prison term that is determined by a parole board and does not state a specific period of time to be served or date of release.

15. A written statement of the facts of the offense that is charged against the accused.

16. The questioning of a witness about issues uncovered during cross-examination.